

Breakout 3: Advanced Software Engineering, Open Source of Software Prototyping

Andreas Menychtas, National Technical University of Athens & ORBIT

Stefan Wesner, University Ulm & Coordinator, CACTOS







Projects & presenters

Call 8 Lightning Talks

- MIDAS Libero Maesano,
 Simple Engineering France
- MODAClouds Elisabetta Di Nitto,
 Politecnico di Milano
- OSSMETER Nicholas Matragkas,
 University of York
- PROSE Alfredo Matos, Caixa Mágica Software
- RISCOSS Angelo Susi, FBK
- U-QASAR Aitor Elorriaga, Innopole

Call 10 Lightning Talks

- CACTOS Stefan Wesner, University Ulm
- Mondo Nicholas Matragkas, University of York
- S-Case Isabel Matranga,Engineering
- ORBIT Andreas Menychtas,
 National Technical University of Athens



Our plan for today

- The full session is 1 hour 35 minutes with approx 45/50 mins of lightning talks, and 45 mins of discussion.
- Call 8 projects give their presentation
- 15 minute roundtable identifying the top 5 crosscutting themes.
- Call 10 projects will then give their presentations followed by roundtable.

- Questions to be answered:
 - Top 5 Cross cutting themes
 - Top 5 R&D Challenges not yet addressed
 - Top 5 New collaboration opportunities and new ideas
 - A view to the future: A vision of what the interoperable cloud ecosystem will look like in 2016
- Stay in time as discussion is key not presenting!





testing on cloud

Automated SOA/API testing as a service on cloud

Reminder for the presenter 8 Slides/3 Minutes = 2.67 slides per minute

Introducing the MIDAS project

Libero MAESANO
libero.maesano@simple-eng.com
Simplengineering

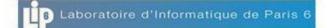
Service Oriented Architects

The MIDAS Project

- Model and
 Inference
 Driven
 Automated testing of
 Services architectures
- EC FP7 Project n° 318786
- Started on September 2012
- Three years STREP project

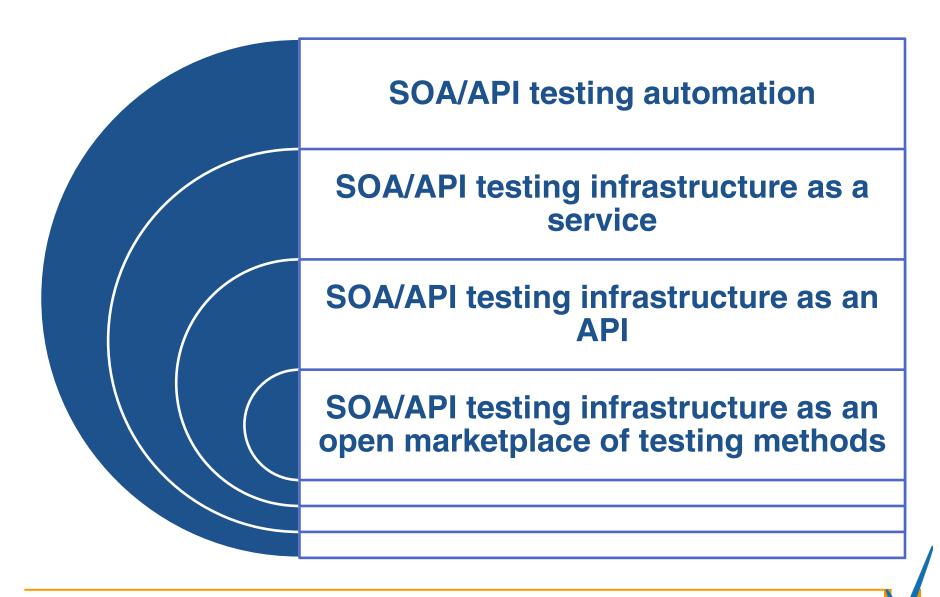








MIDAS in four points



SOA/API testing automation

Tasks

- test case generation
- test oracle generation
- test execution
- test arbitration
- test scheduling
- test reporting
- test planning

Model-based testing

Black-box / grey-box

SOA/API functional testing

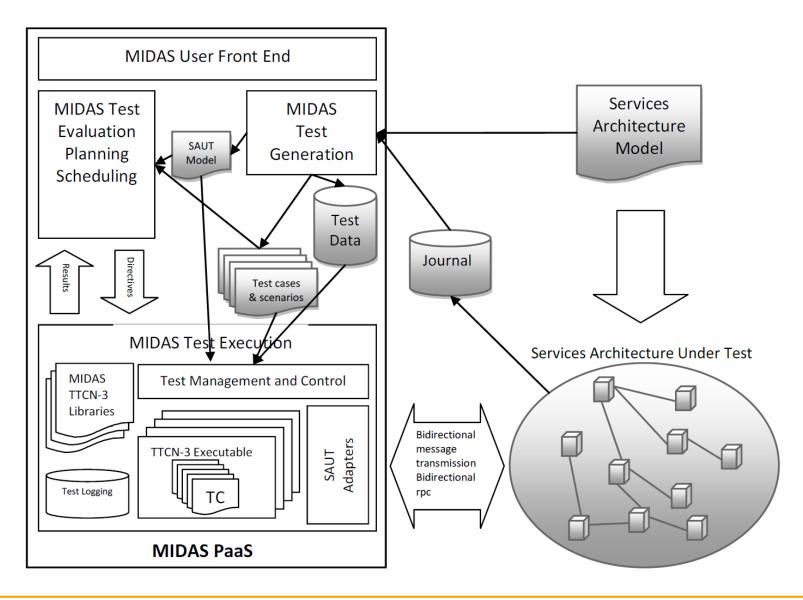
SOA/API security testing

SOA/API monitoring & usage-based testing

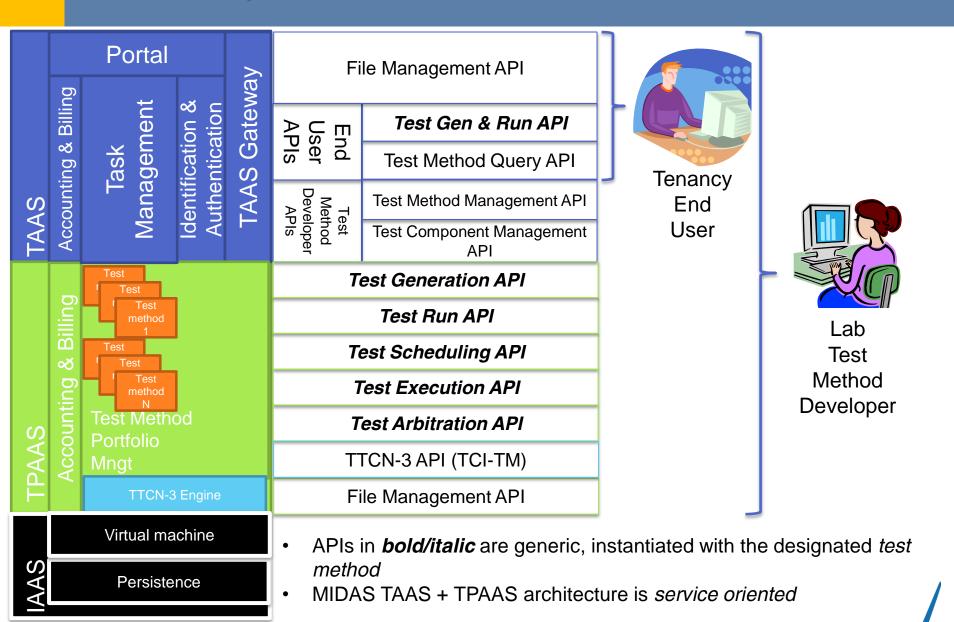
Test execution automation with TTCN-3

A test method is a software component that automates one or more test tasks

SOA/API testing infrastructure as a service



MIDAS TAAS / TPAAS architecture



Test method marketplace

 (SOA/API) testing research and practice are characterized by high heterogeneity of approaches, modalities, strategies, terminology

Anti model-based testing Property-based testing Model-based testing Regression testing Compliance testing Load testing Conformance testing ent-based testing Conformance testing Protocol fuzzing Pairwise testing Load Requirement-based testing Random testing Assertion-based testing Boundary value analysis Mutation testing Protocol testing Risk-based testing Orchestration testing Interoperability testing Choreography testing Random testing Policy-based testing Service composition testing Integration testing Usage-based testing Partition testing Penetration testing Data fuzzing

- MIDAS develops test methods
- MIDAS delivers a SOA/API testing infrastructure where test method developers are able to upload, register and deploy (after certification!) new enhanced test methods







Thank you for your attention

- Service providers, service users, independent testers
- Test method developers if you are interested in the MIDAS approach, join us as early adopters!



www.midas-project.eu



info@midas-project.eu



@EUMIDASProject



Reminder for the presenter
4 Slides/3 Minutes = 1.33 slides per minute



MOdel-Driven Approach for design and execution of applications on multiple Clouds

Coordinator: Elisabetta Di Nitto Politecnico di Milano elisabetta.dinitto@polimi.it

Starting date: October 2012

Ending date: September 2015





MODAClouds focus area

Multi-Cloud Dev&Ops Management





Deployment speed

Flexibility

Dev

Elasticity/Adaptability

Set of services

Lock-in

Unpredictability of performance

13

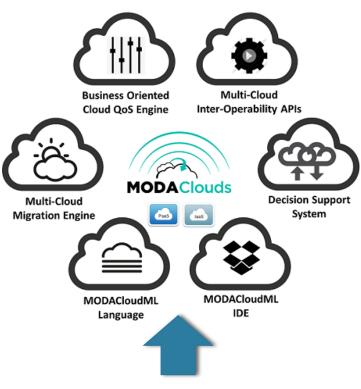
Relevant Standards for Interoperability and Portability

- Initiatives we contribute to
 - OASIS TOSCA 2.0
 - Contribution with our experience on MODACloudsML
 - Introduction of non-functional aspects
 - ETSI "Cloud Standards Coordination report" (SLA)
- Other relevant initiatives
 - OASIS CAMP
 - Service Measurement Index (SMI)



Achievements to date and

future plan



Adapters & Abstraction Library



Cloud Development Tools

Modelio IDE + MODACloudML (agnostic and QoS ready)Language + Plexible and retimization tool Management, Monitoring & Operation Environment maximizes automation with Quality of Service Engine, Monitoring, **Inter-Operability and Portability of** under Sind infractive providers (laaS and PaaS)

Is a system on its own enables selection of BEV provider at development & testing phase; and adds automation of runtime Two iterations of experiments through case studies and extension of the platform



Reminder for the presenter
7 Slides/3 Minutes =
2.33 slides per minute



Automated Measurement and Analysis of Open Source Software

Nicholas Matragkas Brussels March 12-13, 2014







OSSMETER is a platform that supports decision makers in the process of discovering, comparing, assessing and monitoring the health, impact and activity of Open Source Software.



Focus

- Aim: analyse and monitor key health aspects of open source projects:
 - Forges metadata
 - Source Code Repositories
 - Bug tracking systems
 - Communication channels
- Starting date: 1 November 2012
- Ending date: 31 March 2015



Interoperability & Portability

- Platform built atop open source tools.
 - Eclipse, MongoDB, Rascal
 - Extensive use of OSGi Services
- Dedicated API to extend platform.
- Dedicated REST API to build tools atop OSSMETER.
- Platform available under EPL.
- Project utilises open standards:
 - NNTP, HTTP, OSGi, WebDAV



Achievements to date

- First integrated version of the platform.
- Testbed cluster with 7 machines.
- Initial set of metrics.
 - Forges (Sourceforge, Github, Eclipse)
 - Source code (Git, SVN)
 - Bug tracking (Bugzilla)
 - Communication channels (NNTP Newsgroups)
- Initial version of the REST API.



Future Plans

- Finalise the implementation of the platform.
- Build OSSMETER web application.
- Provide support for Pareto Analysis to support decision making.
- Deploy on bigger cluster.
- Go public.





http://www.ossmeter.org/



@ossmeter



FP7 IoS Concertation Meeting

Bussels-12/02/2014



PROSE Promoting Open Source in European Projects

An Open Software Forge For European Projects

Reminder for the presenter 8 Slides/3 Minutes = 2.67 slides per minute







PROSE aims to Promote Open Source in European Projects, and provides an open source coordination platform for hosting software projects, supported by information and training contents on legal and business aspects of FLOSS.

Platform

Aggregating platform for managing Open Source Project

Training

Business and legal training material and support information targeting EU-funded projects

Promotion

Open source and platform promoting promotion events coordinated with the ECto reach EU-funded Projects



Software Forge for European Projects



Collaboration

Find and re-use software Provide Metrics Platform Integration

Utility & Work; ow

Evaluate results
Create dialog with EC

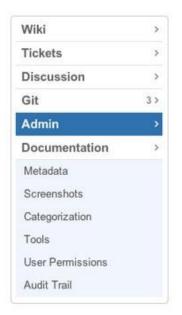
Development Support

GIT & SVN Wiki, Forums Issue Tracker

open source projects

Manage

Create, costumise and monitor projects: Admin tools



Develop

Support multiple tools for the same project:

Git and SVN



Communicate

Engagement between users and projects:

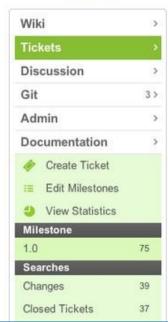
Wiki, Forum and Blog



Track

What needs to be completed, bugs, requests or tasks:

Tickets





15+EU Projects (Public and Private) 280+Registered Users (150 active daily)



Project Overview

PROSE - Coordination Action

6 Partners from 4 Countries

Effort: 48 Person-Months

Partners

Caixa Mágica Software (Project Coordinator, Portugal)

Instituto de Telecomunicações, Aveiro (Portugal)

TSSG-Wateford Institute of Technology (Ireland)

MFGInnovation Agency for ICT and Media (Germany)

Origin (UK)

Bitergia (ES)











http://www.ict-prose.eu http://www.OpenSourceProjects.eu



Follow the QR Code to register!

Thank You!

Afredo Matos

alfredo.matos@caixamagica.pt













Reminder for the presenter
4 Slides/3 Minutes =
1.33 slides per minute

RISCOSS

Risks and Costs in Open Source Software adoption

www.riscoss.eu

@RiscossProject

Angelo Susi

Fondazione Bruno Kessler - Italy





RISCOSS: project objectives

- Risk management methodology to facilitate the adoption of open source software into mainstream products and services
 - Analysis of OSS-based technical and business ecosystems
 - Identification of OSS project and community measurements
 - Development of statistical assessment techniques
- RISCOSS Started on November 1st, 2012; ends on October 31st, 2015
- http://www.riscoss.eu/



RISCOSS and Standards

- RISCOSS aims at adopting open standards in risk analysis and interoperability
- For risks it considers the ISO 31000
- For interoperability standards RISCOSS aims at covering, for example
 - DMTF-CIMI for cloud infrastructure management
 - SNIA-CDMI for data management
 - Cloud-to-cloud interoperability standard (such as IEEE P2302)
- Support the use of Open Source in the cloud



Achievements & Future work

The project developed

- Risk representation techniques based on business and technical ecosystem modelling concepts
- Risk assessment techniques based on formal and statistical reasoning (exploiting logic programming and Bayesian networks)
- A tool supporting the risk management method

What's next

- Test the platform in the use case sites spanning from OSS communities, to institutions, to large and small companies
- Disseminate the product into some communities in order to obtain feedback and search for exploitation opportunities
- Considering the release of RISCOSS in a cloud environment



Reminder for the presenter
4 Slides/3 Minutes = 1.33 slides per minute



FP7-ICT-2011-8. Project #: 318082

Concertation Meeting - Connect.E2 12-13 March 2014. Brussels.





Objectives:

- Creation of the U-QASAR methodology for gathering and exploiting data about the progress and quality of software development projects and products.
- Creation of an internet-based collaboration framework, with semantic capabilities, that will implement the concepts in the U-QASAR methodology as Services.
- Creation of 2 business cases, establishing specific indicators for improvement.
- Defining a Business Model adapted to the demands of the Future Internet.



Relevant Standards

Software Product Quality standards:

- ISO/IEC 9126:1991 Software engineering Product quality. Recently replaced by ISO/IEC 25000;
- ISO/IEC 14598:1999 Information technology Software product evaluation. Also included in ISO/IEC 25000,
- ISO/IEC 25000:2005 Software engineering Software product Quality Requirements and Evaluation (SQuaRE) - Guide to SQuaRE.

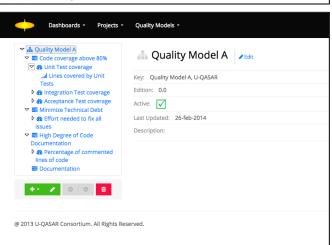
Software Development Process standards:

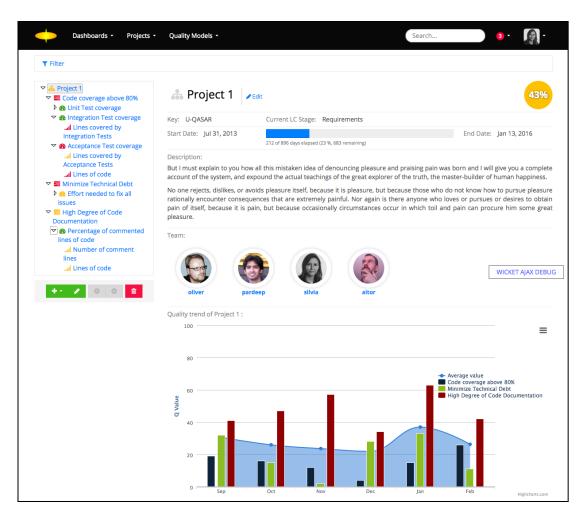
- ISO/IEC 15939:2007 Systems and software engineering -Measurement process, or
- ISO/IEC 15504:2004 Information technology Process assessment.



Achievements to Date & Future Plans









Session 1 Recap Call 8 Projects

- We have now 15 minutes for finding:
 - Top 5 Cross cutting themes
 - Top 5 R&D Challenges not yet addressed
 - Top 5 New collaboration opportunities and new ideas
 - A view to the future: A vision of what the interoperable cloud ecosystem will look like in 2016

Concertation Meeting – Unit E2 Software & Services





Reminder for the presenter
6 Slides/3 Minutes = 2 slides per minute

A very short view on CACTOS

Partners

REALTECH AG, DE
The Queen's University of Belfast, UK
Flexiant Limited, UK
Umeå Universitet, SE
FZI Forschungszentrum Informatik, DE
Dublin City University, IR

Duration: Oct 2013 – September 2016

Total cost: 4,761,232 €



Context-Aware Cloud Topology
Optimisation and Simulation

http://cactosfp7.eu

Stefan WesnerInstitute for Information Resource Management



Why CACTOS?

- Data Centre
 are built with
 x86 single core
 CPUs
- Differences between vendors are marginal
- Application too slow?→ Buy newHW
- Good old days

- Multi-Core CPUs to address energy challenge
- X86 offers begin to differ and specialised processors emerge (again) such as Manycore, GPGPUs
- Many network options
- App too slow?
 - → Change your SW

- Heterogeneous CPU/APU
- Many different flavours
- Lots of network options
- App to slow?
 → Choose the right architecture!

The recent past up to now

Near Future



What is CACTOS not?

- CACTOS is not about supporting the programmer to develop an application that fits well on a certain architecture
- CACTOS is not only about CPU diversity. Diversity of IT infrastructure
 comes in many flavours (amount of memory, memory bandwidth,
 connectivity between servers and to the outside world, ...)
- CACTOS does not start from scratch but relies on results achieved in previous projects most notably OPTIMIS, S(o)OS, GAMES, TIMACS, SLA@SOI, Q-ImPrESS, CumuloNimbo

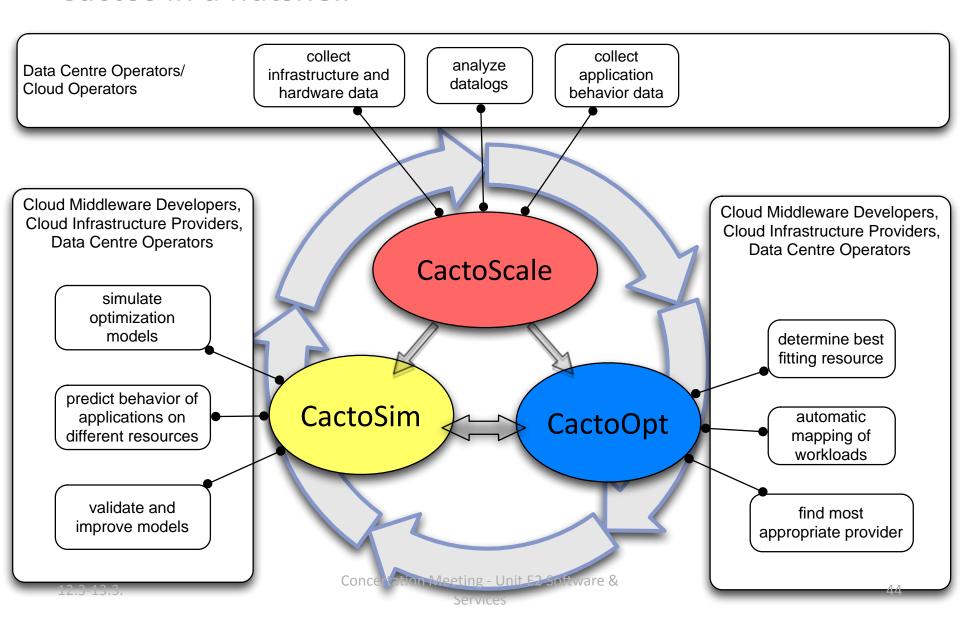


CACTOS Vision

Realizing the CACTOS vision means that the variety of workloads supposed to be executed in a Cloud environment can be mapped automatically to the most appropriate resources in the best fitting data centre at a given time and that in case of failures or changing conditions the best matching place is automatically detected and the workload is relocated



Cactos in a nutshell





Thanks for your attention!



http://cactosfp7.eu

Cactos on Twitter:

http://twitter.com/cactosfp7

LinkedIn Group

http://bit.ly/CACTOSgrp

stefan.wesner@uni-ulm.de



Reminder for the presenter
7 Slides/3 Minutes =
2.33 slides per minute



Nicholas Matragkas Brussels March 12-13, 2014





The aim of Mondo is to tackle the increasingly important challenge of scalability in Model Driven Engineering.



Focus

- Scalability in MDE involves the following:
 - Constructing large models and domain specific languages.
 - Enabling collaborative development of large models.
 - Enabling model management tools to cope with large models.
 - Enabling storage, indexing and retrieval of large models.
- Starting date: 1 November 2013
- Ending date: 30 April 2016



Interoperability & Portability

- Use of well-established standards for MDE
 - UML for modelling of applications.
 - XMI for model interchange.
- For some standards the project anticipates extending them or proposing new ones.
 - E.g. XMI



Achievements to date

- Specifying industrial and technical requirements.
- Extensive domain analysis.
- Definition of a public set of transformation benchmarks.



Future Plans

- Methodology and technical infrastructure for constructing and visualising large DSLs and heterogeneous models.
- Theoretical background and technical infrastructure for highperformance querying and transformation of large models on the cloud.
- Primitives, patterns and tool support for scalable online and offline multi-device collaborative modelling.
- Novel facilities for efficient and secure persistence of large-scale models on the cloud.





http://www.mondo-project.org/



@mondo_project



ORBIT

Business Continuity as a Service

Project Introduction

Concertation Meeting

Reminder for the presenter
6 Slides/3 Minutes = 2 slides per minute

Andreas Menychtas

National Technical University of Athens

12-13 March 2014



























Credit: Federal Government of the United States

RBIT Business Continuity

Focus Area

- Real world applications depend on the availability of Internet-based services
- Minimizing downtime can be achieved by application-specific improvements or by expensive hardware-level approaches
- ORBIT will provide a cost-effective approach for applicationagnostic high availability
- New paradigm for the consolidation of virtualized memory and I/O resources from multiple physical hosts
- Enhanced with approaches for single-host fault-tolerance and entiresite MAN-based disaster recovery













RBIT Business Continuity

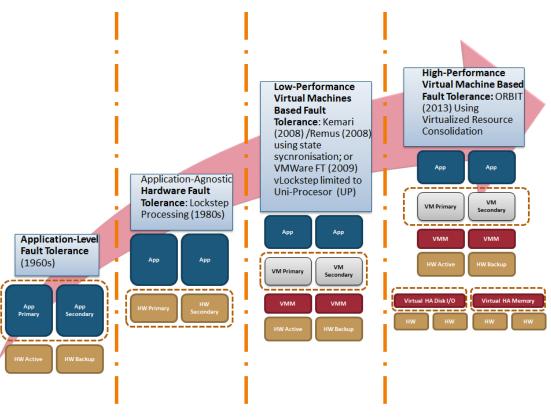
Relevant Standards

- Using and contributing to Open Source and Open Standards
 - Acceptance of Linux as a mission-critical platform
 - Open standards for virtualization software, data protection, Linux-based systems utilization and management
- Focused contributions on standardisation bodies (e.g. OVF CIM profiles, DMTF VMAN, OGF OCCI)

Achievements to Date & Future Plans



- High-Performance Virtual Machine Based Fault Tolerance
 - Post copy live migration available!
- Initial versions to upstream community (RFC)
 - OpenStack
 - QEMU
 - Libvirt





Session 1 Recap Call 10 Projects

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